CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5254

Chapter 16, Laws of 2017

65th Legislature 2017 3rd Special Session

GROWTH MANAGEMENT ACT--BUILDABLE LANDS--HOMELESS HOUSING FUNDING

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 19, 2017

Passed by the Senate June 29, 2017 Yeas 47 Nays 2

CYRUS HABIB

President of the Senate

Passed by the House June 29, 2017 Yeas 85 Nays 9

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved July 6, 2017 2:37 PM

CERTIFICATE

I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5254** as passed by Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

HUNTER G. GOODMAN

Secretary

FILED

July 7, 2017

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5254

Passed Legislature - 2017 3rd Special Session

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Fain, Palumbo, Zeiger, Angel, Hobbs, and Mullet)

READ FIRST TIME 03/22/17.

AN ACT Relating to ensuring adequacy of buildable lands and zoning in urban growth areas and providing funding for low-income housing and homelessness programs; amending RCW 36.70A.115, 36.70A.215, 36.70A.070, 36.22.179, 82.46.037, and 43.21C.440; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and providing an expiration date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.115 and 2009 c 121 s 3 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

(1) Counties and cities that are required or choose to plan under 10 11 RCW 36.70A.040 shall ensure that, taken collectively, adoption of and 12 amendments to their comprehensive plans and/or development 13 regulations provide sufficient capacity of land suitable for 14 development within their jurisdictions to accommodate their allocated housing and employment growth, including the accommodation of, as 15 16 appropriate, the medical, governmental, educational, institutional, 17 commercial, and industrial facilities related to such growth, as adopted in the applicable countywide planning policies and consistent 18 19 with the twenty-year population forecast from the office of financial 20 management.

(2) This analysis shall include the reasonable measures findings
 developed under RCW 36.70A.215, if applicable to such counties and
 cities.

4 Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.215 and 2011 c 353 s 3 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitations in subsection $\left(\left(\frac{7}{7}\right)\right)$ (5) of this 6 7 section, a county shall adopt, in consultation with its cities, countywide planning policies to establish a review and evaluation 8 9 program. This program shall be in addition to the requirements of RCW 10 36.70A.110, 36.70A.130, and 36.70A.210. In developing and 11 implementing the review and evaluation program required by this section, the county and its cities shall consider information from 12 13 other appropriate jurisdictions and sources. The purpose of the review and evaluation program shall be to: 14

(a) Determine whether a county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives contained in the countywide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans with actual growth and development that has occurred in the county and its cities; and

21 (b) Identify reasonable measures, other than adjusting urban 22 growth areas, that will be taken to comply with the requirements of this chapter. Reasonable measures are those actions necessary to 23 24 reduce the differences between growth and development assumptions and targets contained in the countywide planning policies and the county 25 and city comprehensive plans with actual development patterns. The 26 27 reasonable measures process in subsection (3) of this section shall be used as part of the next comprehensive plan update to reconcile 28 inconsistencies. 29

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(2) The review and evaluation program shall:

31 (a) Encompass land uses and activities both within and outside of 32 urban growth areas and provide for annual collection of data on urban and rural land uses, development, zoning and development standards, 33 environmental regulations including but not limited to critical 34 areas, stormwater, shoreline, and tree retention requirements; and 35 capital facilities ((to the extent necessary)) to determine the 36 quantity and type of land suitable for development, both for 37 residential and employment-based activities; 38

(b) Provide for evaluation of the data collected under (a) of 1 this subsection as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The 2 evaluation shall be completed no later than ((one)) three years prior 3 to the deadline for review and, if necessary, update of comprehensive 4 plans and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.130. For 5 б comprehensive plans required to be updated before 2024, the evaluation as provided in subsection (3) of this section shall be 7 completed no later than two years prior to the deadline for review 8 and, if necessary, update of comprehensive plans. The county and its 9 cities may establish in the countywide planning policies indicators, 10 benchmarks, and other similar criteria to use in conducting the 11 12 evaluation;

13 (c) Provide for methods to resolve disputes among jurisdictions 14 relating to the countywide planning policies required by this section 15 and procedures to resolve inconsistencies in collection and analysis 16 of data; and

17 (d) ((Provide for the amendment of the countywide policies and county and city comprehensive plans as needed to remedy an 18 19 inconsistency identified through the evaluation required by this section, or to bring these policies into compliance with the 20 21 requirements of this chapter.)) Develop reasonable measures to use in reducing the differences between growth and development assumptions 22 and targets contained in the countywide planning policies and county 23 and city comprehensive plans, with the actual development patterns. 24 25 The reasonable measures shall be adopted, if necessary, into the countywide planning policies and the county or city comprehensive 26 plans and development regulations during the next scheduled update of 27 28 the plans.

(3) At a minimum, the evaluation component of the programrequired by subsection (1) of this section shall:

31 (a) Determine whether there is sufficient suitable land to 32 accommodate the countywide population projection established for the 33 county pursuant to RCW 43.62.035 and the subsequent population 34 allocations within the county and between the county and its cities 35 and the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110((\div

36 (b)). The zoned capacity of land alone is not a sufficient 37 standard to deem land suitable for development or redevelopment 38 within the twenty-year planning period;

39 (b) An evaluation and identification of land suitable for 40 development or redevelopment shall include: 1 (i) A review and evaluation of the land use designation and 2 zoning/development regulations; environmental regulations (such as 3 tree retention, stormwater, or critical area regulations) impacting 4 development; and other regulations that could prevent assigned 5 densities from being achieved; infrastructure gaps (including but not 6 limited to transportation, water, sewer, and stormwater); and

7 <u>(ii) Use of a reasonable land market supply factor when</u> 8 <u>evaluating land suitable to accommodate new development or</u> 9 <u>redevelopment of land for residential development and employment</u> 10 <u>activities. The reasonable market supply factor identifies reductions</u> 11 <u>in the amount of land suitable for development and redevelopment. The</u> 12 <u>methodology for conducting a reasonable land market factor shall be</u> 13 <u>determined through the guidance developed in section 3 of this act;</u>

(c) Provide an analysis of county and/or city development 14 15 assumptions, targets, and objectives contained in the countywide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans when 16 17 growth targets and assumptions are not being achieved. It is not appropriate to make a finding that assumed growth contained in the 18 countywide planning policies and the county or city comprehensive 19 plan will occur at the end of the current comprehensive planning 20 twenty-year planning cycle without rationale; 21

22 (d) Determine the actual density of housing that has been 23 constructed and the actual amount of land developed for commercial 24 and industrial uses within the urban growth area since the adoption 25 of a comprehensive plan under this chapter or since the last periodic 26 evaluation as required by subsection (1) of this section; and

27 (((e))) (e) Based on the actual density of development as 28 determined under (b) of this subsection, review commercial, 29 industrial, and housing needs by type and density range to determine 30 the amount of land needed for commercial, industrial, and housing for 31 the remaining portion of the twenty-year planning period used in the 32 most recently adopted comprehensive plan.

((If the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this 33 (4) 34 section demonstrates an inconsistency between what has occurred since the adoption of the countywide planning policies and the county and 35 city comprehensive plans and development regulations and what was 36 37 envisioned in those policies and plans and the planning goals and the requirements of this chapter, as the inconsistency relates to the 38 39 evaluation factors specified in subsection (3) of this section, the 40 county and its cities shall adopt and implement measures that are

reasonably likely to increase consistency during the subsequent fiveyear period. If necessary, a county, in consultation with its cities as required by RCW 36.70A.210, shall adopt amendments to countywide planning policies to increase consistency. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures adopted under this subsection to determine their effect and may revise or rescind them as appropriate.

7 (5)(a) Not later than July 1, 1998, the department shall prepare 8 a list of methods used by counties and cities in carrying out the 9 types of activities required by this section. The department shall 10 provide this information and appropriate technical assistance to 11 counties and cities required to or choosing to comply with the 12 provisions of this section.

13 (b) By December 31, 2007, the department shall submit to the 14 appropriate committees of the legislature a report analyzing the 15 effectiveness of the activities described in this section in 16 achieving the goals envisioned by the countywide planning policies 17 and the comprehensive plans and development regulations of the 18 counties and cities.

19 (6)) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this 20 purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and 21 regional planning organizations required under subsection (((7))) (5) 22 of this section to conduct the review and perform the evaluation 23 required by this section.

(((7))) (5) The provisions of this section shall apply to 24 25 counties, and the cities within those counties, that were greater 26 than one hundred fifty thousand in population in ((1995)) 1996 as determined by office of financial management population estimates and 27 28 that are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountain range. Any 29 other county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may carry out the review, evaluation, and amendment programs and procedures as provided in this 30 31 section.

32 <u>(6) The requirements of this section are subject to the</u> 33 availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose. If 34 sufficient funds are not appropriated consistent with the timelines 35 in subsection (2)(b) of this section, counties and cities shall be 36 subject to the review and evaluation program as it existed prior to 37 the effective date of this section.

38 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A
39 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) The department of commerce, through a contract with a land use and economics entity, shall develop guidance 2 for local governments on the review and evaluation program in RCW 36.70A.215. 3 The contract shall be with an entity experienced in serving private 4 and public sector clients which can assist developers and policy 5 б makers to understand near-term market realities and long-term planning considerations, and with experience facilitating successful 7 conversations between multiple local governments and stakeholders on 8 complex land use issues. The department of commerce shall enable 9 appropriate public participation by affected stakeholders in the 10 11 development of the guidance for the appropriate market factor 12 analysis and review and update of the overall buildable lands program. This guidance regarding the market factor methodology and 13 buildable lands program shall be completed by December 1, 2018. The 14 buildable lands guidance shall analyze and provide recommendations 15 16 on:

17 (a) The review and evaluation program in RCW 36.70A.215 and 18 changes to the required information to be analyzed within the program 19 to increase the accuracy of the report when updating countywide 20 planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans;

(b) Whether a more effective schedule could be developed for countywide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plan updates to better align with implementing reasonable measures identified through the review and evaluation program, and population projections and census data while maintaining appropriate and timely consideration of planning needs best done through a comprehensive planning process;

(c) A determination on how reasonable measures, based on the review and evaluation program, should be implemented into updates for countywide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans;

32 (d) Infrastructure costs, including but limited not to transportation, water, sewer, stormwater, and the cost to provide new 33 or upgraded infrastructure if required to serve development; cost of 34 35 development; timelines to permit and develop land; market 36 availability of land; the nexus between proposed densities, economic conditions needed to achieve those densities, and the impact to 37 housing affordability for home ownership and rental housing; and, 38 39 market demand when evaluating if land is suitable for development or

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redevelopment. These all have an impact on whether development occurs
 or if planned for densities will differ from achieved densities;

(e) Identifying the measures to increase housing availability and 3 affordability for all economic segments of the community and the 4 factors contributing to the high cost of housing including zoning/ 5 6 development/environmental regulations, permit processing timelines, 7 housing production trends by housing type and rents and prices, national and regional economic and demographic trends affecting 8 housing affordability and production by rents and prices, housing 9 unit size by housing type, and how well growth targets align with 10 11 market conditions including the assumptions on where people desire to 12 live;

(f) Evaluating how existing zoning and land use regulations are promoting or hindering attainment of the goal for affordable housing in RCW 36.70A.020(4). Barriers to meeting this goal shall be identified and considered as possible reasonable measures for each county and city, and as part of the next countywide planning policies and county and city comprehensive plan update;

19 (g) Identifying opportunities and strategies to encourage growth 20 within urban growth areas;

(h) Identifying strategies to increase local government capacity to invest in the infrastructure necessary to accommodate growth and provide opportunities for affordable housing across all economic segments of the community and housing types; and

25 (i) Other topics identified by stakeholders and the department.

26 (2) The requirements of this section are subject to the27 availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose.

28 **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.70A.070 and 2017 c 331 s 2 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, 31 and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards 32 used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be 33 an internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent 34 35 with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140. 36 37 Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for 38 each of the following:

1 (1) A land use element designating the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, 2 where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, 3 commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation 4 airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. 5 6 The land use element shall include population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use 7 element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of 8 groundwater used for public water supplies. Wherever possible, the 9 land use element should consider utilizing urban planning approaches 10 11 that promote physical activity. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and storm water run-off in 12 the area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective 13 14 actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound. 15

16 (2) A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of 17 established residential neighborhoods that: (a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected housing needs that identifies 18 19 the number of housing units necessary to manage projected growth; (b) includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory 20 21 provisions for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including single-family residences; (c) 22 identifies sufficient land for housing, including, but not limited to, 23 government-assisted housing, housing for low-income 24 families, 25 manufactured housing, multifamily housing, and group homes and foster 26 care facilities; and (d) makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community. In 27 28 counties and cities subject to the review and evaluation requirements of RCW 36.70A.215, any revision to the housing element shall include 29 consideration of prior review and evaluation reports and any 30 31 reasonable measures identified.

32 (3) A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, 33 showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a 34 forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the 35 proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital 36 facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such 37 capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly 38 39 identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a 40 requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding

1 falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use 2 element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within 3 the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent. 4 Park and recreation facilities shall be included in the capital 5 facilities plan element.

6 (4) A utilities element consisting of the general location,
7 proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed
8 utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines,
9 telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

Rural element. Counties shall include a rural 10 (5) element 11 including lands that are not designated for urban arowth, agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions 12 13 shall apply to the rural element:

(a) Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because
circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of
rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances,
but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element
harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the
requirements of this chapter.

(b) Rural development. The rural element shall permit rural 20 21 development, forestry, and agriculture in rural areas. The rural element shall provide for a variety of rural densities, uses, 22 essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed 23 to serve the permitted densities and uses. To achieve a variety of 24 25 rural densities and uses, counties may provide for clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and 26 other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural 27 economic advancement, densities, and uses that are not characterized 28 29 by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character.

30 (c) Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall 31 include measures that apply to rural development and protect the 32 rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

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(i) Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

34 (ii) Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the 35 surrounding rural area;

(iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped landinto sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;

(iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060,and surface water and groundwater resources; and

(v) Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural,
 forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

3 (d) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to 4 the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise 5 specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element 6 may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, 7 including necessary public facilities and public services to serve 8 the limited area as follows:

9 (i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or 10 redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or 11 mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, 12 villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads 13 developments.

14 (A) A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-15 use area are subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this 16 subsection, but are not subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and 17 (iii) of this subsection.

(B) Any development or redevelopment other than an industrial area or an industrial use within a mixed-use area or an industrial area under this subsection (5)(d)(i) must be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population.

(C) Any development or redevelopment in terms of building size, scale, use, or intensity shall be consistent with the character of the existing areas. Development and redevelopment may include changes in use from vacant land or a previously existing use so long as the new use conforms to the requirements of this subsection (5);

(ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or 27 new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist 28 uses, 29 including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do 30 31 not include new residential development. A small-scale recreation or tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the 32 existing and projected rural population. Public services and public 33 facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the 34 recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does 35 36 not permit low-density sprawl;

37 (iii) The intensification of development on lots containing 38 isolated nonresidential uses or new development of isolated cottage 39 industries and isolated small-scale businesses that are not 40 principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural

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1 population and nonresidential uses, but do provide job opportunities for rural residents. Rural counties may allow the expansion of small-2 scale businesses as long as those small-scale businesses conform with 3 the rural character of the area as defined by the local government 4 according to RCW 36.70A.030(15). Rural counties may also allow new 5 6 small-scale businesses to utilize a site previously occupied by an 7 existing business as long as the new small-scale business conforms to the rural character of the area as defined by the local government 8 36.70A.030(15). Public services 9 according to RCW and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated 10 11 nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not 12 permit low-density sprawl;

(iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the 13 14 existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such 15 16 existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer 17 boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern 18 of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that are clearly 19 identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also 20 21 include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of 22 more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer 23 24 boundary, the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the 25 character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) 26 physical boundaries, such as bodies of water, streets and highways, 27 and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public 28 29 facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit lowdensity sprawl; 30

31 (v) For purposes of (d) of this subsection, an existing area or 32 existing use is one that was in existence:

(A) On July 1, 1990, in a county that was initially required toplan under all of the provisions of this chapter;

(B) On the date the county adopted a resolution under RCW 36 36.70A.040(2), in a county that is planning under all of the 37 provisions of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.040(2); or

38 (C) On the date the office of financial management certifies the 39 county's population as provided in RCW 36.70A.040(5), in a county

1 that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter pursuant 2 to RCW 36.70A.040(5).

3 (e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit 4 in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned 5 resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 6 and 36.70A.365.

7 (6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent 8 with, the land use element.

9 (a) The transportation element shall include the following 10 subelements:

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(i) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;

(ii) Estimated traffic impacts to state-owned transportation facilities resulting from land use assumptions to assist the department of transportation in monitoring the performance of state facilities, to plan improvements for the facilities, and to assess the impact of land-use decisions on state-owned transportation facilities;

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(iii) Facilities and services needs, including:

19 (A) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation 20 facilities and services, including transit alignments and general 21 aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities 22 and travel levels as a basis for future planning. This inventory must 23 include state-owned transportation facilities within the city or 24 county's jurisdictional boundaries;

(B) Level of service standards for all locally owned arterials
 and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the
 system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;

28 (C) For state-owned transportation facilities, level of service standards for highways, as prescribed in chapters 47.06 and 47.80 29 RCW, to gauge the performance of the system. The purposes of 30 31 reflecting level of service standards for state highways in the local 32 comprehensive plan are to monitor the performance of the system, to 33 evaluate improvement strategies, and to facilitate coordination between the county's or city's six-year street, road, or transit 34 program and the office of financial management's ten-year investment 35 36 program. The concurrency requirements of (b) of this subsection do not apply to transportation facilities and services of statewide 37 significance except for counties consisting of islands whose only 38 39 connection to the mainland are state highways or ferry routes. In 40 these island counties, state highways and ferry route capacity must

1 be a factor in meeting the concurrency requirements in (b) of this 2 subsection;

3 (D) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into 4 compliance locally owned transportation facilities or services that 5 are below an established level of service standard;

6 (E) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the 7 adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing, 8 and capacity needs of future growth;

9 (F) Identification of state and local system needs to meet 10 current and future demands. Identified needs on state-owned 11 transportation facilities must be consistent with the statewide 12 multimodal transportation plan required under chapter 47.06 RCW;

13 (iv) Finance, including:

14 (A) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against15 probable funding resources;

16 (B) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in 17 the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as 18 the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 19 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems. The multiyear financing 20 plan should be coordinated with the ten-year investment program 21 developed by the office of financial management as required by RCW 22 47.05.030; 23

(C) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;

(v) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an
 assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use
 assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;

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(vi) Demand-management strategies;

32 (vii) Pedestrian and bicycle component to include collaborative 33 efforts to identify and designate planned improvements for pedestrian 34 and bicycle facilities and corridors that address and encourage 35 enhanced community access and promote healthy lifestyles.

36 (b) After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions 37 required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local 38 jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit 39 development approval if the development causes the level of service 40 on a locally owned transportation facility to decline below the

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standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive 1 plan, unless transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate 2 the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. 3 These strategies may include increased public transportation service, 4 ride-sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation 5 systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection б 7 (6), "concurrent with the development" means that improvements or strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a 8 financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or 9 strategies within six years. If the collection of impact fees is 10 delayed under RCW 82.02.050(3), the six-year period required by this 11 12 subsection (6)(b) must begin after full payment of all impact fees is 13 due to the county or city.

(c) The transportation element described in this subsection (6),
the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW
36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation
systems, and the ten-year investment program required by RCW
47.05.030 for the state, must be consistent.

19 (7) An economic development element establishing local goals, 20 policies, objectives, and provisions for economic growth and vitality 21 and a high quality of life. ((The element may include the provisions 22 in section 3 of this act.)) A city that has chosen to be a 23 residential community is exempt from the economic development element 24 requirement of this subsection.

(8) A park and recreation element that implements, and is consistent with, the capital facilities plan element as it relates to park and recreation facilities. The element shall include: (a) Estimates of park and recreation demand for at least a ten-year period; (b) an evaluation of facilities and service needs; and (c) an evaluation of intergovernmental coordination opportunities to provide regional approaches for meeting park and recreational demand.

(9) It is the intent that new or amended elements required after January 1, 2002, be adopted concurrent with the scheduled update provided in RCW 36.70A.130. Requirements to incorporate any such new or amended elements shall be null and void until funds sufficient to cover applicable local government costs are appropriated and distributed by the state at least two years before local government must update comprehensive plans as required in RCW 36.70A.130.

1 Sec. 5. RCW 36.22.179 and 2014 c 200 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) In addition to the surcharge authorized in RCW 36.22.178, and except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an additional surcharge of ten dollars shall be charged by the county auditor for each document recorded, which will be in addition to any other charge allowed by law. From September 1, 2012, through June 30, ((2019)) 2023, the surcharge shall be forty dollars. The funds collected pursuant to this section are to be distributed and used as follows:

(a) The auditor shall retain two percent for collection of the 10 11 fee, and of the remainder shall remit sixty percent to the county to 12 be deposited into a fund that must be used by the county and its cities and towns to accomplish the purposes of chapter 484, Laws of 13 14 2005, six percent of which may be used by the county for the collection and local distribution of these funds and administrative 15 16 costs related to its homeless housing plan, and the remainder for 17 programs which directly accomplish the goals of the county's local homeless housing plan, except that for each city in the county which 18 19 elects as authorized in RCW 43.185C.080 to operate its own local homeless housing program, a percentage of the surcharge assessed 20 21 under this section equal to the percentage of the city's local portion of the real estate excise tax collected by the county shall 22 be transmitted at least quarterly to the city treasurer, without any 23 deduction for county administrative costs, for use by the city for 24 25 program costs which directly contribute to the goals of the city's 26 local homeless housing plan; of the funds received by the city, it may use six percent for administrative costs for its homeless housing 27 28 program.

29 (b) The auditor shall remit the remaining funds to the state treasurer for deposit in the home security fund account. The 30 31 department may use twelve and one-half percent of this amount for 32 administration of the program established in RCW 43.185C.020, including the costs of creating the statewide homeless housing 33 strategic plan, measuring performance, providing technical assistance 34 35 to local governments, and managing the homeless housing grant 36 program. Of the remaining eighty-seven and one-half percent, at least forty-five percent must be set aside for the use of private rental 37 housing payments, and the remainder is to be used by the department 38 39 to:

1 (i) Provide housing and shelter for homeless people including, but not limited to: Grants to operate, repair, and staff shelters; 2 grants to operate transitional housing; partial payments for rental 3 assistance; consolidated emergency assistance; overnight youth 4 shelters; grants and vouchers designated for victims of human 5 6 trafficking and their families; and emergency shelter assistance; and 7

(ii) Fund the homeless housing grant program.

(2) The surcharge imposed in this section does not apply to (a) 8 assignments or substitutions of previously recorded deeds of trust, 9 (b) documents recording a birth, marriage, divorce, or death, (c) any 10 11 recorded documents otherwise exempted from a recording fee or additional surcharges under state law, (d) marriage licenses issued 12 13 by the county auditor, $((\Theta r))$ (e) documents recording a state, 14 county, or city lien or satisfaction of lien, or (f) documents recording a water-sewer district lien or satisfaction of a lien for 15 16 delinquent utility payments.

17 Sec. 6. RCW 82.46.037 and 2016 c 138 s 4 are each amended to read as follows: 18

19 (1) A city or county that meets the requirements of subsection 20 (2) of this section may use the greater of one hundred thousand dollars or twenty-five percent of available funds, but not to exceed 21 one million dollars per year, from revenues collected under RCW 22 23 82.46.035 for:

24 (a) The maintenance of capital projects, as defined in RCW 25 82.46.035(5); ((Θr))

(b) From July 1, 2017, until June 30, 2019, the acquisition, 26 27 construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of facilities to provide housing for the homeless; or 28

(c) The planning, acquisition, construction, reconstruction, 29 30 repair, replacement, rehabilitation, improvement, or maintenance of capital projects as defined in RCW 82.46.010(6)(b) that are not also 31 included within the definition of capital projects 32 in RCW 33 82.46.035(5).

34 (2) A city or county may use revenues pursuant to subsection (1) 35 of this section if:

36 (a) The city or county prepares a written report demonstrating 37 that it has or will have adequate funding from all sources of public funding to pay for all capital projects, as defined in RCW 38

1 82.46.035(5), identified in its capital facilities plan for the 2 succeeding two-year period; and

3 (b)(i) The city or county has not enacted, after June 9, 2016, 4 any requirement on the listing or sale of real property; or any 5 requirement on landlords, at the time of executing a lease, to 6 perform or provide physical improvements or modifications to real 7 property or fixtures, except if necessary to address an immediate 8 threat to health or safety; $((\Theta r))$

9 (ii) Any local requirement adopted by the city or county under 10 (b)(i) of this subsection is: Specifically authorized by RCW 11 35.80.030, 35A.11.020, chapter 7.48 RCW, or chapter 19.27 RCW; 12 specifically authorized by other state or federal law; or a seller or 13 landlord disclosure requirement pursuant to RCW 64.06.080; or

14 (iii) For a city or county using funds under subsection (1)(b) of 15 this section, the requirements of this subsection apply, except that 16 the date for such enactment under (b)(i) of this subsection is ninety 17 days after the effective date of this section.

(3) The report prepared under subsection (2)(a) of this section 18 must: (a) Include information necessary to determine compliance with 19 the requirements of subsection (2)(a) of this section; (b) identify 20 21 how revenues collected under RCW 82.46.035 were used by the city or 22 county during the prior two-year period; (c) identify how funds authorized under subsection (1) of this section will be used during 23 the succeeding two-year period; and (d) identify what percentage of 24 25 funding for capital projects within the city or county is attributable to revenues under RCW 82.46.035 compared to all other 26 sources of capital project funding. The city or county must prepare 27 28 and adopt the report as part of its regular, public budget process.

(4) ((The authority to use funds as authorized in this section is in addition to the authority to use funds pursuant to RCW 82.46.035(7), which remains in effect through December 31, 2016.

32 (5))) For purposes of this section, "maintenance" means the use 33 of funds for labor and materials that will preserve, prevent the 34 decline of, or extend the useful life of a capital project. 35 "Maintenance" does not include labor or material costs for routine 36 operations of a capital project.

37 Sec. 7. RCW 43.21C.440 and 2012 1st sp.s. c 1 s 303 are each 38 amended to read as follows:

1 (1) For purposes of this chapter, a planned action means one or 2 more types of development or redevelopment that meet the following 3 criteria:

4 (a) Are designated as planned actions by an ordinance or
5 resolution adopted by a county, city, or town planning under RCW
6 36.70A.040;

7 (b) <u>In conjunction with, or to implement, a comprehensive plan or</u> 8 <u>subarea plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW, or a fully contained</u> 9 <u>community, a master planned resort, a master planned development, or</u> 10 <u>a phased project, have had the significant impacts adequately</u> 11 addressed:

12 <u>(i) In an environmental impact statement under the requirements</u> 13 of this chapter ((in conjunction with, or to implement, a 14 comprehensive plan or subarea plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW, 15 or a fully contained community, a master planned resort, a master 16 planned development, or a phased project)); or

17 (ii) In a threshold determination or, where one is appropriate, 18 in an environmental impact statement under the requirements of this 19 chapter, if the planned action contains mixed use or residential 20 development and encompasses an area that:

(A) Is within one-half mile of a major transit stop; or

21

22 (B) Will be within one-half mile of a major transit stop no later
23 than five years from the date of the designation of the planned
24 action;

(c) Have had project level significant impacts adequately addressed in <u>a threshold determination or, where one is required</u> <u>under (b) of this subsection or where otherwise appropriate,</u> an environmental impact statement, unless the impacts are specifically deferred for consideration at the project level pursuant to subsection (3)(b) of this section;

31 (d) Are subsequent or implementing projects for the proposals 32 listed in (b) of this subsection;

33 (e) Are located within an urban growth area designated pursuant 34 to RCW 36.70A.110;

35 (f) Are not essential public facilities, as defined in RCW 36 36.70A.200, unless an essential public facility is accessory to or 37 part of a residential, office, school, commercial, recreational, 38 service, or industrial development that is designated a planned 39 action under this subsection; and

(g) Are consistent with a comprehensive plan or subarea plan
 adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW.

3 (2) A county, city, or town shall define the types of development
4 included in the planned action and may limit a planned action to:

5 (a) A specific geographic area that is less extensive than the 6 jurisdictional boundaries of the county, city, or town; or

7 (b) A time period identified in the ordinance or resolution 8 adopted under this subsection.

(3)(a) A county, city, or town shall determine during permit 9 review whether a proposed project is consistent with a planned action 10 11 ordinance adopted by the jurisdiction. To determine project consistency with a planned action ordinance, a county, city, or town 12 may utilize a modified checklist pursuant to the rules adopted to 13 implement RCW 43.21C.110, a form that is designated within the 14 planned action ordinance, or a form contained in agency rules adopted 15 16 pursuant to RCW 43.21C.120.

17 (b) A county, city, or town is not required to make a threshold 18 determination and may not require additional environmental review, 19 for a proposal that is determined to be consistent with the development or redevelopment described in the planned action 20 21 ordinance, except for impacts that are specifically deferred to the project level at the time of the planned action ordinance's adoption. 22 At least one community meeting must be held before the notice is 23 issued for the planned action ordinance. Notice for the planned 24 25 action and notice of the community meeting required by this subsection (3)(b) must be mailed or otherwise verifiably provided to: 26 (i) All affected federally recognized tribal governments; and (ii) 27 agencies with jurisdiction over the future development anticipated 28 for the planned action. The determination of consistency, and the 29 adequacy of any environmental review that was specifically deferred, 30 31 are subject to the type of administrative appeal that the county, 32 city, or town provides for the proposal itself consistent with RCW 36.70B.060. 33

(4) For a planned action ordinance that encompasses the entire jurisdictional boundary of a county, city, or town, at least one community meeting must be held before the notice is issued for the planned action ordinance. Notice for the planned action ordinance and notice of the community meeting required by this subsection must be mailed or otherwise verifiably provided to:

(a) All property owners of record within the county, city, or
 town;

3

(b) All affected federally recognized tribal governments; and

4 (c) All agencies with jurisdiction over the future development 5 anticipated for the planned action.

6 (5) For purposes of this section, "major transit stop" means a

7 commuter rail stop, a stop on a rail or fixed guideway or transitway

8 system, or a stop on a high capacity transportation service funded or

9 expanded under chapter 81.104 RCW.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Section 2 of this act expires January 1, 11 2030.

> Passed by the Senate June 29, 2017. Passed by the House June 29, 2017. Approved by the Governor July 6, 2017. Filed in Office of Secretary of State July 7, 2017.

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