1	DRAFT Fall 2024 Biannual Code Amendments
2	Community Development
3	August 30, 2024
4 5 6	Periodically staff "batch" minor amendments to the Clark County Code to correct scrivener's errors, update references, clarify standards, and to make some minor policy changes. These batches of code changes are commonly known as "Biannual Code Amendments".
7 8	Changes are highlighted in yellow. Language proposed to be deleted is struck-through. Language proposed to be added is double-underlined.
9 10 11	Note that Title 40 Updates are required to be heard by the Planning Commission for recommendation to the Council and are subject to 60-day notification to the Department of Commerce prior to adoption.
12	SCRIVENER'S ERRORS AND MINOR CHANGES
13 14 15 16	Remove gender references and update reference to the Board of County Commissioners  Title 32
17 18 19	Refer to Attachment A
20 21 22	<b>Rationale:</b> References to the County Hearing Examiner and responsible official in several sections use male pronouns. Also references within the title to legislative authority have not been updated to be consistent with the County Charter.
23	2. Increase Time Limit to use Revenue from Impact Fees as Allowed by State Statute
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li><li>26</li></ul>	40.630.100. Expenditures
27 28 29 30 31 32	Impact fees for system improvements shall be expended only in conformance with the capital facilities plan. Impact fees shall be expended or encumbered for a permissible use within six (6)ten (10) years of receipt, unless there exists an extraordinary and compelling reason for fees to be held longer than six (6)ten (10) years. Such extraordinary or compelling reasons shall be identified in written findings by Council.
33 34	$\textbf{Rationale:} \ RCW\ 82.02.070\ was\ amended\ in\ 2011\ to\ allow\ for\ 10\ years\ to\ expend\ impact\ fee$ revenue.
35	REFERENCE UPDATES AND "CLEAN-UPS" FROM OTHER CODE CHANGES
36 37	None

## **CLARIFICATIONS**

# 1. Clarify Townhouse limitations in Single Family Districts

# <u>Table 40.220.010-1, Footnote 1</u>

 <sup>1</sup>A maximum of four attached single-family dwelling units <u>per structure</u> is permitted outright. A greater number of attached single-family dwelling units <u>per structure</u> is allowed in PUD developments only.

<u>Rationale:</u> as currently written, this standard allows no more than 4 attached single-family dwelling (townhome) units per development. The intent was to limit the number of townhomes to 4 units per structure and allow the density and lot dimension standard dictate the maximum number of town home units in a development. This standard ensures that the townhomes built in the single family districts will be similar in mass and scale to the detached homes and or multiplex dwellings allowed.

# 2. Clarify Urban ADU width limit

# 40.260.020.C.1.e

e. A separate detached structure containing one or two dwelling units on the same lot as the primary dwelling unit when the structure is located behind the front building plane of the primary dwelling. However, detached accessory units may be placed forward of the front building plane on lots with a front yard setback of 40 feet or greater, provided the width of the front façade of the ADUs does not exceed-visually obscure more than 50% of the width of the primary dwelling's front street facing façade or are otherwise made visually subordinate to the primary dwelling from the front lot line.

<u>Rationale:</u> The code does not have a definition of "front façade," which can be difficult to interpret given the variability in existing home configurations. As written, the standard could be interpreted contrary to the intent to have ADUs forward of the front plane of the primary dwelling (as defined by the front lot line) be visually subordinate to the primary dwelling.

### MINOR POLICY ITEMS

## 1. <u>Development Engineering Ad-Hoc Hourly Fee</u>

# Section 6.110A.020

 Proposed hourly rate to be used for cost recovery based fees for concurrent associated plan reviews, rate to be determined.

Rationale: Development Engineering has historically adjusted fees when concurrent related reviews are added to an application such as early grading approval before site development engineering plans are approved. Adopted fees for the related reviews assume

that the review is a stand-alone application and is generally higher that what is required for cost recovery when the reviews are concurrent. The proposed fee provides an hourly rate the manager can use to ensure fee adjustments are applied consistently based on the estimated hours required for the request.

### 2. Fire Marshal Fees

### Section 6.120.040

Add a late fee for past due inspection invoices. Amounts and past due threshold to be determined.

Rationale: The Financial; Services Division of County Auditor's Office has recommended that a late fee be applied to past due invoices for fire safety inspections. Currently 12% interest is charged for fees more than 105 days past due.

### 3. Light and Glare Standards for New Development in the Resource and Rural Districts

### 40.210.010.C. Development Standards

 5. Light and Glare. Outdoor lighting, including street and parking lot lighting, shall be directed downward and shielded to minimize potential glare to motorists and off-site residents. No exterior light with a direct source visible from a neighboring property shall be installed. Indirect sources and horizontal cut-off fixtures are recommended to reduce glare and provide general ambient light. Holiday lighting is exempt from these requirements.

### 40.210.020.C. Development Standards

5. Light and Glare. Outdoor lighting, including street and parking lot lighting, shall be directed downward and shielded to minimize potential glare to motorists and off-site residents. No exterior light with a direct source visible from a neighboring property shall be installed. Indirect sources and horizontal cut-off fixtures are recommended to reduce glare and provide general ambient light. Holiday lighting is exempt from these requirements.

## 40.210.030.D. Development Standards

5. Light and Glare. Outdoor lighting, including street and parking lot lighting, shall be directed downward and shielded to minimize potential glare to motorists and off-site residents. No exterior light with a direct source visible from a neighboring property shall be installed. Indirect sources and horizontal cut-off fixtures are recommended to reduce glare and provide general ambient light. Holiday lighting is exempt from these requirements.

### 40.210.050.C. Development Standards

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- 5. Light and Glare, Outdoor lighting, including street and parking lot lighting, shall be directed downward and shielded to minimize potential glare to motorists and off-site residents. No exterior light with a direct source visible from a neighboring property shall be installed. Indirect sources and horizontal cut-off fixtures are recommended to reduce glare and provide general ambient light. Holiday lighting is exempt from these requirements.
- 6. Site Plan Review Standards. In addition to the site plan approval criteria contained in Section 40.520.040(E), the following shall apply to all development within the commercial district unless expressly exempted. The responsible official may modify these standards for the expansion of existing uses for site-specific issues:
  - a. Primary pedestrian circulation routes connecting the street(s) to the primary building entry or entries shall be a minimum of eleven (11) feet (eight (8) feet of sidewalk/walkway with a minimum of three (3) feet of landscaping on one (1) side of the pedestrian route). The minimum three (3) foot landscaped area shall contain suitable tree species planted every twenty-four (24) feet to provide for a continuous tree canopy. The required landscape area should function as a buffer between auto drives and the pedestrian routes. Where the pedestrian circulation route crosses vehicular accessways the landscape area is not required.
  - b. Landscaping is required along the side of all buildings where the primary pedestrian access is provided. Minimum requirements shall be trees, of a suitable species according to Section 40.320.010, provided every thirty (30) feet on center planted in a landscaped strip or tree wells along the length of the building.
  - c. Landscape buffers required by Section 40.320.010 shall not apply between pad development sites and the remainder of the development site.
  - d. Landscaping required between commercial developments may be altered where parking lots are adjoining as follows: a single, shared five (5) foot buffer instead of five (5) feet for each development; provided, that joint access is provided between parcels for auto and pedestrian access and trees are planted every twenty (20) feet on center along the length of the buffer.

Rationale: Council has expresses interest in addressing impacts that lighting can have in the Rural Area. The proposed language is adapted from another jurisdiction.

### 4. Updates to the Forest Practices and Conversion code

# 40.260.080 Forest Practices

Refer to Attachment B

Rationale: This code section has not been updated since its adoption in 2000, proposed amendments clarify how forest practices applications delegated to the County interface with Land Use, Critical Area, and Building Permit applications and review procedures.

# 40.260.210.B.1.c.

that <u>either</u>

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38 39 c. The temporary dwelling shall be a temporary structure such as a manufactured or modular home designed, constructed and maintained in a manner which will facilitate its removal at such time as the justifying hardship or need no longer exists; provided,

5. Expand Allowance for Temporary Hardship to be in a Permanent Structure

- (1) It he additional dwelling authorized by Section 40.260.210(A)(4)(b) need not be a temporary structure if the declaration required by Section 40.260.210(C)(1)(e) includes a covenant obligating purchaser or successors to remove or otherwise decommission the existing dwelling upon the death or permanent change in residency of the seller retaining a life estate; or
- (2) The applicant is constructing a new dwelling and converting the existing dwelling to temporary use for the requested hardship and records a covenant obligating the owner or successors to remove or otherwise decommission the converted dwelling upon cessation of the hardship.

Rationale: the current allowance is limited to sellers who have created a life estate to occupy the existing permanent dwelling on the site. Staff periodically receives requests to convert an existing dwelling that is being replaced with a new dwelling to a temporary hardship. The proposed amendment would allow this conversion for any qualifying hardship with a covenant requiring decommissioning or demolishing the converted dwelling when the hardship has ended.

# 6. Prohibit Off-street Parking from Crossing Sidewalks

40.350.015.B.1. Urban Areas. Sidewalks shall be constructed as provided below.

Sidewalks shall not be located between a travel lane of a public or private road and off street parking that is not accessed by a driveway or otherwise physically separated from the road.

Rationale: New middle housing code for Single Family Residential Districts requires guest parking in certain cases that is not within proposed lots. In some cases, parking has been proposed to be immediately adjacent to a street (head in or angled) with sidewalks proposed between the parking spaces and the street, placing pedestrians in the path of vehicles maneuvering in or out of parking spaces.

# DRAFT Fall 2024 Biannual Code Amendments Attachment A

### **Title 32 Amendments**

# 32.04.010 **Definitions.**

- (1) "Commercial/noncommercial ventures" as used in this title shall have the following meanings: Any person engaged in the development, management, sale, rental or use of property solely for the purpose of residential occupancy by such person or such person's immediate family shall be deemed to be engaged in a noncommercial venture. All other persons shall be deemed to be engaged in commercial ventures.
- (2) "Director" as used in this title shall mean the director of public works, director of community development, or director of public health, or such other person as the county council shall by ordinance authorize to utilize the provisions of this title and shall also include any duly authorized representative of such director. "Director" shall also mean the "local health officer" as that term is used in Chapter 70.05 RCW.
- 17 (3) "Hearing examiner" as used in this title shall mean the person or tribunal appointed by the board of county commissioners council to hear appeals or any appeal under this title or ahis duly authorized representative.
  - (4) "Land disturbing activity" as used in this title shall mean any activity that results in a change to the existing soil cover, both vegetative and nonvegetative, or existing soil topography. Land disturbing activities include, but are not limited to: demolition, construction, clearing, grading, filling or excavation.
  - (5) "Land use ordinance" as used in this title shall include this title and any other existing or future ordinance or resolution of the county which regulates the use and development of land, including but not limited to zoning regulations, subdivision regulations, short subdivision regulations, signing regulations, land disturbing activity, erosion control and water quality regulations and all building, fire and construction codes. "Land use ordinance" shall also include any existing or future law of the State Legislature which regulates the use of and development of land, including but not limited to: the State Subdivision Law, Chapter 58.17 RCW; the Shorelines Management Act, Chapter 43.51 RCW; and the Solid Waste Management Act, Chapter 70.95 RCW. This title shall be construed as, and is intended to be enacted as, a regulation adopted pursuant to any such state law and pursuant to Art. II, Sec. 11, Washington State Constitution.
  - (6) "Nuisance" as used in this title is defined as the commission of any unlawful act or the failure to perform a duty, which act or omission either annoys, injures or endangers the comfort, repose, health or safety of others, offends decency, or unlawfully interferes with, obstructs, or tends to obstruct, or renders dangerous for passage, any lake or navigable river, bay, stream, canal or basin, or any public park, square, street or highway; or in any way renders other persons insecure in life or in the use of property.
- 41 (7) "Person" as used in this title shall include any natural person, organization, corporation or partnership and their agents or assigns.
- 43 (8) "Public nuisance" as used in this title is defined as a nuisance which affects the rights of an entire community or neighborhood, although the extent of the nuisance may be unequal.

(9) "Public health ordinance" as used in this title shall include this ordinance and any other existing or future ordinance or resolution of the county and rules and regulations of the board of health or the county commissionerscouncil which regulate the public health, which may be enforced by the local health officer or by the director where applicable, such as health and sanitation regulations, solid waste regulations, rabies control regulations, water and sewer systems regulations, uniform regulations required pursuant to Chapter 19.27 RCW and board of health rules and regulations pertaining to food service establishments and on-site sewage disposal systems. The term shall also include state laws of a similar nature, and this title shall be construed as, and is intended to be enacted as, a regulation adopted pursuant to said laws of Art. II, Sec. 11, Washington State Constitution. (Sec. 1 of Ord. 1977-12-51; amended by Sec. 1 of Ord. 1982-03-07; amended by Sec. 10 of Ord. 1990-02-23; amended by Sec. 2 of Ord. 1993-03-17; amended by Sec. 17 of Ord. 2009-10-19; amended by Sec. 1 (Att. A § 2) of Ord. 2011-08-08; amended by Sec. 15 of Ord. 2018-01-09)

### 32.04.055 Citation.

- (1) Generally. In addition or as an alternative to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided herein or by law, a director or designee may, after investigation of the violation and consultation with the code enforcement supervisor or designee, issue a citation imposing a penalty upon any person who creates or maintains a nuisance, violates any land use or public health ordinance, or rules and regulations adopted thereunder, or by each act, commission or omission procures, aids, or abets such a violation. All persons authorized to issue citations shall be authorized by the director and a list of those authorized maintained by the office of the director, with copies provided to the <a href="mailto:county">county</a> board of
- All civil penalties assessed will be enforced and collected in accordance with the lien, personal obligation, and other procedures specified in this title or authorized by law.
- 27 (2) Requirements of Citation.
  - (a) A citation conforming to the requirements of this section may be used for all ordinance violations which occur in the unincorporated areas of Clark County.
  - (b) The citation shall contain the following information or blanks in which such information is entered:
    - (i) File number citation number;
    - (ii) Name of the person cited;
      - (iii) Name of the property owner;
- 35 (iv) Section of the ordinance or code violated;
  - (v) A brief description of the violation of which the person is charged in such manner as can be readily understood by a person making a reasonable effort to do so;
  - (vi) The date and place at which the violation occurred and the date on which the citation was issued;
    - (vii)The place where the person cited can appeal to a hearings examiner and the time within which such appeal must be filed;

1	(viii) The penalty fixed for the violation by schedule;
2 3 4	(ix) The citation shall contain a certification to the effect that he/she certifies that he/she has reasonable grounds to believe, and does believe, that the person cited committed a violation of a Clark County ordinance.
5 6	(c) In addition, the citation shall contain a notice to the person that the citation will be filed with the prosecuting attorney's office.
7 8	(d) The reverse side of the citation shall contain the following in a form substantially as follows:
9	READ CAREFULLY
10 11	You have been cited for a violation of a Clark County ordinance. You MUST do ONE of the following:
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ol> <li>Mail to Clark County, Code Enforcement Office, PO Box 9810, Vancouver, Washington 98668-9810, this citation, together with a check or money order in the amount of the penalty shown on this citation. THIS CITATION AND THE PAYMENT OF PENALTY MUST REACH THE CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICE WITHIN THIRTY (30) DAYS OF THE DATE OF ISSUANCE OF THIS CITATION.</li> </ol>
18	ADMISSION
19 20 21	I, the undersigned, do hereby ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY for said violation as cited, WAIVE my right to an APPEAL HEARING and agree to pay the penalty prescribed for my violation.
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23	(Defendant's Name)
24 25 26 27 28	<ol> <li>File an appeal by signing the REQUEST FOR APPEAL and returning it to the Clark County Code Enforcement Office, 1300 Franklin, 3rd Floor, PO Box 9810, Vancouver, WA 98668-9810 to request a hearing within ten days from the date of this citation. The Code Enforcement Office will then set a time for a hearing.</li> </ol>
29	REQUEST FOR APPEAL
30 31 32	I, the undersigned, do hereby request an appeal hearing for the violation charged on the other side of this citation. I am requesting an appeal because I do not believe I am in violation of the cited ordinance for the following reason(s).
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34	(Appellant's Name)
35 36 37	IF YOU FAIL TO COMPLY WITH THESE INSTRUCTIONS, A FINDING OF VIOLATION WILL BE ENTERED AND THE PENALTY MAY BE COLLECTED THROUGH THE LIEN PROCEDURE (CCC 32.16).

- 1 IF YOU BELIEVE THE CITATION WAS WRITTEN IN ERROR AND WISH TO CONTACT SOMEONE IMMEDIATELY CALL (360) 397-2375 Ext. 4184 AND LEAVE A MESSAGE FOR THE CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICE WHO WILL CONTACT YOU WITHIN 24 HOURS AND PROVIDE INFORMATION REGARDING THE VIOLATION OR APPEAL. Regardless of whether you call, you must still timely pay the penalty or appeal.
- 7 (3) Procedures Governing Hearing.

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- (a) Amendment. A citation may be amended at any time prior to a final ruling by the hearings examiner. A continuance shall be granted if the appellant satisfies the hearings examiner that additional time is needed to respond to the amended citation.
- (b) Hearing Dates. If the person cited requests an appeal hearing, pursuant to subsection (2)(b)(vii) of this section, the code enforcement office shall fix a date and time for hearing within sixty (60) days, and, unless notice is waived, shall notify the appellant at least twenty (20) days in advance of the hearing by certified mail or hand delivery, a notice of the date and time so fixed. The notice shall set forth a warning that, in the event that the appellant fails to appear, the hearings examiner will issue a finding of violation against the appellant.
- (c) Penalties. At the discretion of the director of community development or <u>anhis</u> authorized personnel, any penalty(ies) not paid within thirty (30) days from the date of issuance of the citation may be placed as a lien against the property on which the violation has occurred pursuant to law.
- (4) Settlement and Disposition of Penalties. The director or its designee is authorized to enter into negotiations with the parties, or their legal representatives named in an enforcement action involving any provision of this title for the collection of penalties, to negotiate a settlement, compromise or suspension, when to do so will be in the best interests of the county; provided; that a report shall be submitted to the board and the director of community development in any instance where a compromise settlement is negotiated. (Sec. 2 of Ord. 1995-04-22; amended by Sec. 1 (Ex. B) of Ord. 1999-11-08; amended by Sec. 1 of Ord. 2006-09-13)

## 32.08.010 Commencement of proceedings.

- (1) Whenever a director has reason to believe that a use or condition exists in violation of any land use or public health ordinance, or rules and regulations adopted thereunder, he/she is authorized to initiate enforcement action pursuant to Section 32.04.050 and/or, at <a href="mailto:anh-is">anh-is</a> option, he/she may commence an administrative notice and order proceeding under this chapter to cause the enforcement and correction of each violation.
- (2) Pending commencement and completion of the notice and order procedure provided for in this chapter, a director may cause a "stop work order" to be posted on the subject property or served on persons engaged in any work or activity in violation of a land use or public health ordinance. The effect of such a "stop work order" shall be to require the immediate cessation of such work or activity until authorized by a director to proceed, and any person who fails or refuses to comply with the requirements of the stop work order shall, by each act, be subject to a civil penalty as provided in Table 32.04.050. All civil penalties assessed may be enforced and collected in accordance with the lien, personal obligation, and other

procedures specified in this title or as authorized by law. (Sec. 8 of Ord. No. 1977-12-51; amended by Sec. 3 of Ord. 1995-04-22; amended by Sec. 4 of Ord. 2002-09-05)

### 3 **32.08.020** Notice and order.

- 4 Whenever the director has reason to believe that a nuisance, a violation of a land use or public
- 5 health ordinance or rules and regulations adopted thereunder will be most promptly and
- 6 equitably terminated by an administrative notice and order proceeding, the director may issue a
- 7 written notice and order directed either to the owner or operator of the source of the violation,
- 8 the person in possession of the property where the violation originates, or the person otherwise
- 9 causing or responsible for the violation. The notice and order should be issued first against the
- 10 violator where the violator is not the property owner e.g., tenant, unless the seriousness of
- violation demands filing against property owner. Such notice and order may be issued by any
- director alone or, where violations of more than one county ordinance, rule or regulation exists,
- in conjunction with a notice and order issued by another director. The notice and order may be
- 14 posted on the property and shall contain:
- (1) The street address when available and a legal description of real property and/or description
   of personal property sufficient for identification of where the violation occurred or is located;
- 17 (2) A statement that a director has found the person to be in violation of a land use or public 18 health ordinance or that a nuisance exists on the property, with a brief and concise 19 description of the conditions found to be in violation;
- 20 (3) A statement of the corrective action required to be taken. If a director has determined that
  21 corrective action is required, the order shall require that all required permits be secured and
  22 the work physically commence within such time and be completed within such time as a
  23 director shall determine is reasonable under the circumstances;
- (4) A statement specifying the amount of any civil penalty assessed on account of the violation
   or nuisance and, if applicable, the conditions on which assessment of such civil penalty is
   contingent;
- 27 (5) Statements advising that (i) if any required work is not commenced or completed within the 28 time specified above, a director may proceed to abate the violation as authorized by Section 29 32.04.060 and cause the work to be done and charge the costs thereof as a lien against the 30 property and as a joint and separate personal obligation of any person in violation or 31 responsible person who has failed to abate the nuisance; and (ii) if any assessed civil 32 penalty is not paid, a director will charge the amount of the penalty, and any costs of abatement undertaken pursuant to Section 32.04.060, as a lien against the property and as 33 34 a joint and separate personal obligation of any person in violation or failing to abate a nuisance; and 35
  - (6) A statement advising that the order shall become final unless, no later than ten (10) days after the notice and order are served, any person aggrieved by the order requests in writing an appeal before the hearing examiner. (Sec. 9 of Ord. 1977-12-51; amended by Sec. 7 of Ord. 1993-03-17; amended by Sec. 4 of Ord. 1995-04-22)

### 32.08.040 Appeals.

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(1) Any person aggrieved by the order of a director may request in writing within ten (10) days of the service of the notice and order an appeal hearing before the Clark County hearing examiner. The request shall cite the notice and order appealed from and contain a brief statement of the reasons for seeking the appeal hearing. The method of appeal as provided

- in this resolution shall be sole and exclusive, and no appeal shall be had to the Clark County board of adjustment from any determination rendered under the authority of this resolution. (Sec. 3, Res. 1978-07-83)
- 4 (2) The appeal hearing shall be conducted on the record and the hearing examiner shall have such rulemaking and other powers as were available to the director originally. Such appeal hearing shall be conducted within a reasonable time after receipt of the request for appeal. Written notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given at least ten (10) days prior to the date of the hearing to each appealing party, to the director whose order is being appealed, and to other interested persons who have requested in writing that they be so notified.
- 11 (3) All appeals shall be conducted in accordance with Washington Administrative Code Chapter 1-08, "Uniform Procedural Rules"; PROVIDED, however, that Sections 1-08-005 through 1-13 08-007 and Sections 1-08-540 through 1-08-590 shall be excluded. Should any conflict arise 14 between the provisions of this ordinance and the applicable sections of Chapter 1-08 WAC, 15 the provisions of this ordinance shall prevail.
- For the purposes of this chapter, all references in the WAC to "agency" shall mean "hearing examiner." In addition, the hearing examiner may promulgate and adopt such additional rules as are necessary for the conduct of a hearing.
- 19 (4) Each party shall have the following rights, among others:
- 20 (i) To call and examine witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
- 21 (ii) To introduce documentary and physical evidence;
- 22 (iii) To cross-examine opposing witnesses on any matter relevant to the issues of the hearing;
- 24 (iv) To impeach any witness regardless of which party first called him to testify;
- 25 (v) To rebut evidence against him;
- 26 (vi) To represent <u>thehi</u>mself or to be represented by anyone of theirs choice who is lawfully permitted to do so.
- (5) Following review of the evidence submitted, the hearing examiner shall make written findings and conclusions, and shall affirm or modify the order previously issued if he finds that a violation has occurred. The written decision of the hearing examiner shall be mailed by certified mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, to all the parties.
- 32 (6) The appeal hearing before the Clark County hearing examiner shall occur within sixty (60)
  33 days following receipt of the written notice of appeal, unless the matter is continued at the
  34 discretion of the hearing examiner after receiving consent of all parties to the proceeding.
  35 (Sec. 4, Res. 1978-07-83)
- (7) Whenever possible, the appeal from a director's order shall be combined with any other
   appeal from county enforcement actions relating to the same subject matter and falling
   within the jurisdiction of the hearing examiner. (Sec. 11 of Ord. 1977-12-51)

# 32.12.010 Suspension of permits.

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- (1) A director may temporarily suspend any permit issued under a land use or health ordinance for (i) failure of the holder to comply with the requirements of any land use or public health ordinance or rules or regulations promulgated thereunder, or (ii) failure to comply with any notice and order issued pursuant to this title.
- 6 (2) Such permit suspension shall be carried out through the notice and order provisions of this title, and the suspension shall be effective upon service of the notice and order upon the holder or operator. The holder or operator may appeal such suspension as provided by this title.
- 10 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, whenever a director finds that a violation of any land use or public health ordinance or rules and regulations has created or is creating an unsanitary, dangerous or other condition which, in the jrs judgment, constitutes an immediate and irreparable hazard, he may, without service of a written notice and order, suspend and terminate operations under the permit immediately. (Sec. 15 of Ord. 1977-12-51)

# 32.12.020 Revocation of permits.

- (1) A director may permanently revoke any permit issued by the county for (i) failure of the holder to comply with the requirements of any land use or public health ordinance or rules or regulations promulgated thereunder, or (ii) failure of the holder to comply with any notice and order issued pursuant to this title, or (iii) interference with a director in the performance of the eight duties, or (iv) discovery of a director that a permit was issued in error or on the basis of incorrect information supplied to the county.
- 23 (2) Such permit revocation shall be carried out through the notice and order provisions of this 24 title and the revocation shall be effective upon service of the notice and order upon the 25 holder or operator. The holder or operator may appeal such revocation, as provided by this 26 title.
- 27 (3) A permit may be suspended pending its revocation or a hearing relative thereto. (Sec. 16 of Ord. 1977-12-51)

#### 29 **32.16.050** Claim of lien—General.

- (1) A Director shall cause a claim for lien to be filed for record in the Auditor's Recording
   Department within ninety (90) days from the date the civil penalty in due or within ninety (90)
   days from the date of completion of the work or abatement performed pursuant to this title.
- 33 (2) Contents The claim of lien shall contain the following:
- 34 (i) The authority for imposing a civil penalty or proceeding to abate the violation, or both;
- (ii) A brief description of the civil penalty imposed or the abatement work done, or both,
   including the violations charged and the duration thereof, including the time the work is
   commenced and completed and the name of the persons or organizations performing
   the work;
  - (iii) A description of the property to charged with the lien;
- 40 (iv) The name of the known owner or reputed owner, and if not known the fact shall be alleged; and

- 1 (v) The amount, including lawful and reasonable costs, for which the lien is claimed.
- 2 (3) Verification. A Director or <u>anhis</u> authorized representative shall sign and verify the claim by oath to the effect that the affiant believes the claim is just.
- 4 (4) The claim of lien may be amended in case of action brought to foreclose same, by order of the court, insofar as the interests of third parties shall not be detrimentally affected by amendment. (Sec. 21, Ord. No. 1977-12-51.)

# DRAFT Fall 2024 Biannual Code Amendments Attachment B

Sections 40.260.080 and 6.110A.045 Amendments

#### 40.260.080 Forest Practices

#### A. General Provisions.

- 1. Purpose. This section is established pursuant to Chapter 76.09 RCW and Chapter 222-20 WAC. It shall be officially cited as Section 40.260.080, Forest Practices, and may be commonly referred to as the Clark County forest practice code. This section sets forth procedures and review criteria for approval of Class IV conversion forest practices, conversion option harvest plans (COHPs), and certain Class I forest practices, and establishes a process for implementing development moratoria on properties which have been harvested in violation of forest practice requirements.
- 2. Description of Forest Practice Classes. The description of the classes of forest practice paraphrased below are intended to summarize the classifications and do not supersede the specific definitions are described in Chapter 222-16 WAC and Chapter 76.09 RCW:
  - a. Class I are those minor forest practices, occurring outside the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area (CRGNSA) Special Management Area (SMA), that have no direct potential for damaging a public resource. Examples of Class I forest practices include timber harvests on parcels where contiguous ownership is less than two (2) acres in size that are not within a shoreline designation or UGA, and none of the operation takes place within the riparian management zone of a Type 2 or 3 Water, or within the bankfull width/channel migration zone of a Type 4 Water or flowing Type 5 Water; the culture and harvest of Christmas trees and seedlings; tree planting and seeding; and cutting and/or removal of less than five thousand (5,000) board feet of timber for personal use (e.g., firewood, fence post) in any consecutive twelve (12) month period.
  - b. Class II are those forest practices which have less than an ordinary potential for damaging a public resource. Examples of Class II forest practices include the construction of advance fire trails; timber harvests of less than forty (40) acres; and the "partial cutting" of forty percent (40%) or less of the live timber volume on a site. Class II forest practices require notification to the DNR prior to being conducted. Property logged pursuant to a Class II permit must be reforested and is intended to remain in timber production. Class II shall not include forest practices:
    - (1) On lands platted after January 1, 1960, as provided in Chapter 58.17 RCW or on lands that have or are being converted to another use;
    - (2) Which require approvals under the provisions of the Hydraulics Act, RCW 75.20.100;
    - (3) Within "shorelines of the state" as defined in RCW 90.58.030;
    - (4) Excluded from Class II by the State Forestry Practices Board: or
    - (5) Which involve timber harvesting or road construction within "urban growth areas," designated pursuant to Chapter 36.70A-RCW, which are processed as Class IV.

chapter:

43

c. Class III are those forest practices not listed under Class I. II. and IV. Class III forest 1 practices require permit approval by the DNR. Property logged pursuant to a Class III 2 3 permit must be reforested and is intended to remain in timber production. d. Class IV forest practices are divided into two (2) categories as follows: 4 (1) Class IV general, as defined by WAC-222-16-050(2) in effect on March 20, 2000, 5 6 are those forest practices occurring on lands within UGAs; lands platted after January 1, 1960, or on lands which are being converted to a use other than 7 commercial timber production. Examples of Class IV general forest practices 8 include harvest of timber and conversion of land to agricultural, residential or 9 commercial uses, and forest practices which would otherwise be Class III, but 10 which are taking place on lands which are not to be reforested because of the 11 likelihood of future conversion to urban development. Reforestation is not 12 required under a Class IV general forest practices permit as the property subject 13 to the permit is being converted to a non-forestry use. 14 (2) Class IV special, as defined by WAC 222-16-050(1) in effect on March 20, 2000. 15 are those forest practices which have the potential to result in a substantial 16 impact to the environment. Examples of Class IV special forest practices include 17 18 forest practices conducted on lands designated as critical wildlife habitat for threatened or endangered wildlife species; timber harvest in national, state, or 19 local parks; and forest practices involving potentially unstable slopes or 20 landforms. 21 22 3. Applicability. The provisions of this section comprise the standards necessary for the review of Class IV conversion forest practices, COHPs, and certain non-exempt Class I 23 forest practices. The provisions of this chapter also provide the criteria for the 24 establishment or removal of development moratoria and exceptions for single-family 25 dwellings located on lands subject to a development moratorium. All forest practice 26 27 approvals and associated development moratoria issued by Clark County shall comply with this section. 28 29 a. The following forest practice activities are subject to review under this section: (1) All Class IV conversion forest practices; 30 (2) A COHP in which a Class II, III, or IV special forest practice is applied for; 31 (3) All Class I forest practices: within urban growth areas (UGAs) that involve timber 32 harvesting or road construction: 33 (a) Within urban growth areas (UGAs) that involve timber harvesting or road 34 35 construction; (b) Outside UGAs which are associated with forestlands that are being converted 36 to another use; 37 38 (c) Hazard Tree Removal Determinations (4) Class I forest practices outside UGAs which are associated with lands platted 39 after January 1, 1960, or lands being converted to a non-forestry use. 40 <del>(b)</del> 41 42 4. Exemptions. The following forest practices are exempt from the provisions of this

- Eorest practices are exempt from this chapter on lands in a UGA where the landowner submits a ten (10) year statement of non-conversion to the Department of Natural Resources (reforestation agreement) together with either an acceptable ten (10) year forest management plan or proof that the land is currently enrolled in current use assessment timber lands, under the provisions of Chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW.
- Class I Forest Practices Within UGAs. For those Class I forest practices not exempt from this section pursuant to Sections 40.260.080(A)(3)(a)(3) and (A)(3)(a)(4), a forest practice permit shall not be required if the forest practices result resulting in the removal of less than five thousand (5,000) board feet of timber for either personal use or the abatement of an emergency (e.g., removal of diseased or hazard trees) in any twelve (12) month period. Although a forest practice permit is not required, Class I forest practices proposed within a wetland, stream, landslide hazard area, habitat conservation area, or other critical area or its buffer shall comply with all applicable requirements of Section 40.260.080(A)(56)(b)(1).
- c. Commercial nurseries and Christmas tree farms. The removal of trees which have been grown to be sold as Christmas trees or as landscaping.
- d. Landscape maintenance. Landscape maintenance, pruning, or other tree management practices which do not impair the health or survival of trees required to be retained or planted under the authority of this chapter.
- e. Street trees. Removal of street trees with the written approval of the Director of Public Works and when recommended by a Certified Arborist, Professional Forester, or Landscape Architect.
- <u>54</u>. Administration.
  - a. Approvals Required. An approval pursuant to this chapter must be obtained from Clark County for the following:
    - (1) Forest Practice Approvals.
      - (a) Class IV General Forest Practices. An approved forest practices permit shall be obtained from Clark County prior to conducting any forest practices defined as Class IV general pursuant to Section 40.260.080(A)(2)(d).
      - (b) Class IV Special Forest Practices. Class IV general forest practice which is reclassified to Class IV special and is a conversion, Clark County will be lead agent for SEPA action, and the Department of Natural Resources would act as lead on the approval of the FPA.
      - (c) Class I Forest Practices. Class I forest practices not exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section 40.260.080(A)(3)(a)(3)(3)(A)(3)(4)(4) shall require a forest practice permit from Clark County if the forest practice results in abatement of an emergency within a twelve (12) month period, the removal of any volume for commercial sale, or road building or removal of timber on lands platted after January 1, 1960. These forest practices shall be reviewed using the procedures set forth in Section 40.260.080(B)(4), except that these forest practices shall not be subject to environmental review under Chapter 43.21C RCW (State Environmental Policy Act).

1 2 3 4			(d) Conversion Option Harvest Plan. A COHP approval from Clark County shall be required for all Class II, III, and IV special non-conversion forest practices outside UGAs where the land owner desires to avoid the imposition of a six (6) year development moratorium.
5 6 7 8 9		. ,	Request for Removal of Development Moratorium. An approved request for removal of development moratorium shall be required prior to the approval of any development permits by Clark County for land which is subject to a development moratorium except for the construction of one (1) single-family residence, pursuant to Section 40.260.080(D).
10 11 12 13		` '	Request for Single-Family Dwelling Waiver. An approved request for single-family dwelling waiver shall be required prior to the construction of a single-family residence or related improvements on land which is subject to a development moratorium.
14	b.	App	olication Requirements for <u>Class I and</u> Class IV General Permits.
5  6  7  8		` ,	Preliminary Review. The provisions for conducting a pre-application review of any <a href="Class I v-G">Class I v-G</a> application filed pursuant to this chapter are set forth in Subtitle 40.5. Pre-application review is voluntary for applications filed under this section.
19 20 21		` ,	Application Filing. Applications filed pursuant to this chapter shall be reviewed to determine full completeness in accordance with submittal standards herein and pursuant to Subtitle 40.5.
22 23		(3)	Application Site Plan. All pre-applications and applications shall include a site plan of the proposal that includes the following, if applicable:
24			(a) Drafted at a scale no smaller than one (1) inch to two hundred (200) feet;
25			(b) With the scale being shown in legend on the drawing;
26			(c) Harvest boundaries and tree retention areas;
27			(d) North arrow;
28			(e) The approximate location of any existing structures;
29 30			(f) The location of all existing and proposed streets, rights-of-way, easements, skid roads, haul roads, and landings within the proposal;
31 32 33			(g) The location of future land development including stormwater management facilities, and vegetation to be retained for site landscaping, open space, wildlife habitat, screening, and/or buffers;
34 35			(h) Site topography at a contour interval of twenty (20) feet, ten (10) feet if available from a public source;
36			(i) Critical areas and critical area buffers;
37			(j) Drainageways and culverts;
38			(k) Site area targeted for further harvest including proposed timing; and
39			(I) A vicinity man that includes all abutting ownership

1 2 3		(4) Field Marking of Site Features. At the time of submittal of any application required pursuant to this chapter, the following features shall be clearly marked at the site with flagging or colored paint by the applicant:
4		(a) Critical areas and critical area buffers;
5		(b) Centerline of all proposed roads;
6		(c) Landing areas;
7		(d) Tree retention areas and leave trees; and
8		(e) Cutting boundaries.
9	C.	Review.
10 11		(1) Initial Review. The department shall conduct an initial review of any application in accordance with the provisions outlined in Subtitle 40.5, Procedures.
12		(2) Review Responsibilities.
13 14 15 16		(a) The responsible official is responsible for administration, circulation, and review of an application filed for <u>Class I and</u> Class IV general permits, COHPs, <u>requests for lifting of development moratoria</u> , and single-family dwelling waivers.
17 18		(b) The hearing examiner shall be the decision authority for requests to remove a development moratorium and administrative appeals.
19 20 21		(c) Other county departments and state agencies, as determined by the department, may review an application and forward their respective recommendations to the responsible official or examiner as appropriate.
22	<u>6</u> 5. Sta	andards.
23 24 25 26 27	a.	General. Forest practices subject to this chapter shall be subject to the standards of WAC Title 222 except as modified or supplemented by county critical area ordinances as specified below. In the event of inconsistency between applicable federal, state and local regulations, provisions which afford the greatest critical area protection shall apply.
28 29 30	b.	Specific. In addition to the general provisions of Section 40.260.080(A)(56)(a), the following critical area ordinance provisions apply depending upon the class of the forest practice:
31		(1) <u>Class I and</u> Class IV-G Forest Practice.
32 33		<ul> <li>(a) Wetlands and Fish and Wildlife Habitat Conservation Areas regulations in Chapter 40.4450;</li> </ul>
34		(b) Habitat regulations in Chapter 40.440;
35 36		(c) Landslide hazard provisions in the gGeologic Hazard Aareas regulations in Chapter 40.430.
37		(c) Shoreline Master Program regulations in Chapter 40.460.
38		(2) Conversion Option Harvest Plans.

1 2	<ul><li>(a) The forested wetland provisions of the county wetland protection ordinance such that:</li></ul>
3	(i) Harvest is prohibited within the forested wetland; and
4 5	<ul><li>(ii) No forested wetland buffer applies, but reforestation may be required pursuant to Section 40.260.080(B)(3)(e).</li></ul>
6 7 8	(b) Review of proposed post-harvest activities subject to Chapter 40.44 <u>5</u> 0, <u>Wetlands And Fish And Wildlife</u> Habitat Conservation <u>Areas</u> , shall assume pre-harvest conditions.
9	c. Time Limitations.
10	(1) Expiration of Approval.
11 12 13 14 15	(a) A <u>Class I and</u> Class IV general permit shall be valid for two (2) consecutive years following the date of issuance unless a different time limit has been established through an associated development permit approval. Expiration of the <u>Class I and</u> Class IV general permit shall be the same as the expiration date of the approved development permit.
16 17	(b) A COHP shall be valid for a period of ten (10) two (2) years from the date of county approval.
18 19 20	(2) Time Period for Final Decision. The provisions for issuing a notice of final decision on any application filed pursuant to this chapter are set forth in Subtitle 40.5, Procedures.
21 22	<ul> <li>d. Development Applications. Development applications submitted with or subsequent to a forest practice application are subject to the development standards of this title.</li> </ul>
23 24	<u>76</u> . Fees. Fees for applications and/or review of reports or studies filed pursuant to this section are set forth in Title 6.
25	B. Forest Practice Approvals.
26	1. Purpose.
27 28 29 30	(a) This section provides tree farmers with options to encourage continued use of the land for tree farming and establishes a Type I review process pursuant to Clark County Code, Subtitle 40.5, Procedures, with review criteria, and necessary findings for certain Class I forest practice permits.
31 32 33 34 35	(b) In addition, —Tthis section provides the general requirements, establishes a Type II review process pursuant to Subtitle 40.5, Procedures, with review criteria, and necessary findings for Class IV general forest practice permits and COHPs. Compliance with an approved Class IV general permit or COHP releases the landowner from the six (6) year moratorium.
36 37 38	2. Class IV General Forest Practice Permits. An approved Class IV general permit provides the landowner the ability to harvest timber and to convert a site to a use other than commercial forest production.
39	a. General Requirements.
40 41	<ol> <li>A Class IV general permit shall be submitted prior to conducting forest practices on the project site;</li> </ol>

1 2 3			(2	<ol> <li>All Class IV general permit applications shall describe the harvest method, including type of equipment to be used and the expected dates of commencement and completion of all harvest activity;</li> </ol>
4 5			(	<ol> <li>All Class IV general permit applications shall declare the type, extent, and schedule of future development plans;</li> </ol>
6 7 8 9			(-	4) Land that is to be converted to non-forestry uses shall be withdrawn from current use designation under the provisions of Chapters 84.33 and 84.34 RCW or Chapter 3.08 prior to issuance of final county land use approvals for non-forestry uses;
10 11 12 13 14			(	5) Pasture conversions must be consistent with a farm management plan approved for the property by the Natural Resource Conservation Service or the Clark County conservation district. Those forest practices involving conversion of forest lands to pasture shall be required to meet the same buffer requirements as set forth in Section 40.260.080(A)(56)(b)(1).
15		b	. R	eview Criteria.
16			(1	) Class IV general permits shall comply with Section 40.260.080(A)( <mark>56</mark> ).
17 18 19			(2	Class IV general permits shall comply with the conditions of approval established through the associated development permit, forest practice permit or approved COHP.
20		C	. Ap	pproval Authority.
21 22 23			(1	) The responsible official shall review all requests for approvals, any comments received, and applicable regulations or policies and shall inspect the property prior to rendering a decision.
24 25 26 27			(2	The responsible official may approve an application for a Class IV general permit, approve the application with conditions, require modification of the proposal to comply with specified requirements or local conditions, or deny the application if it fails to comply with requirements of this section.
28 29 30		c	ap	equired Written Findings and Determinations. A Class IV general permit shall be proved by the responsible official if the application is consistent with Section $0.260.080(A)(\frac{56}{2})$ .
31 32 33 34 35	3	t v n	he at vhile	ersion Option Harvest Plans (COHP). An approved COHP provides the landowner collity to manage and harvest timber prior to application for a development permit maintaining an option to convert lands to a non-forestry use. A six (6) year torium shall not be imposed on a site that meets the conditions of an approved
36		a	ı. G	eneral Requirements.
37 38			(1	) A COHP shall be submitted to the responsible official pursuant to WAC 222-20-050 and shall also contain the requirements described in this section.
39			(2	) A COHP shall include:
40 41 42				(a) A narrative description of the objectives of the timber harvest, relationship of the harvest to future development of the site, built and natural features present at the site, measures to be taken to preserve and protect critical

44

1 areas, harvest method including type of equipment to be used, and the 2 expected dates of commencement and completion of all harvest activity; 3 (b) A conceptual layout of a probable future site development, drawn to scale, 4 based on the existing zoning and physical limitations of the property, 5 including likely building areas, roads, driveways, septic system areas and lot lines. The conceptual layout shall meet all applicable land use requirements 6 7 of Title 40 of this code to be considered for vesting. 8 (3) The COHP shall be submitted prior to application for development and/or conducting forest practices on the project site. 9 10 (4) The approved COHP shall be recorded with the County Auditor by the county upon approval. The recorded COHP shall contain an expiration date which is 11 the same as the expiration date of the COHP. 12 13 (5) The COHP shall be approved by the responsible official prior to application or notification to the DNR for the required Class II, Class III, or Class IV special 14 15 forest practice. (6) The approval of a COHP shall not release a landowner from the requirement 16 to reforest a site pursuant to Chapter 222-34 WAC. 17 b. Review Criteria. 18 19 (1) It shall be recognized that varying levels of management may occur in the riparian area depending on distance from the stream and functions to be 20 provided. This shall be accomplished through approved alternate plans, which 21 meet or exceed the current riparian function. Forest practices which utilize 22 23 proven silvicultural techniques may also provide a continual source of solid wood 24 fiber production, when executed through multiple entry limited harvests. The intended long-term benefits include an incentive through utilization, to reforest 25 riparian areas which are currently understocked or non-stocked, to discourage 26 27 overharvesting outside of the riparian areas and habitat fragmentation, and to create an older age class of the seral species and multi-structured canopies 28 within the riparian areas. 29 30 (2) Long-term silvicultural plans identifying current and projected biometrics which support the function and structure of riparian habitat shall be submitted for 31 approval by the county for harvest within those areas which are identified as 32 riparian habitat by the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife. Any partial 33 harvest activities allowed in any part of the riparian areas shall be consistent with 34 35 riparian management areas rules per Chapter 222-30 WAC. (3) COHP approvals shall comply with Clark County Code as set forth in Section 36 37 40.260.080(A)(56) and all applicable sections of Title 40 of this code, except as 38 otherwise provided by this section. (4) All forested wetland and buffer boundaries shall be flagged on site and verified 39 40 by the department. 41 (5) Those parcels subject to the small forest landowner exemption (RCW 76.13.130) shall be subject to the riparian management zone rules found in WAC 222-30-42

August 30, 2024 p. 8

023 following no harvest buffers rather than the table in WAC 222-20-023.

Should RCW 76.13.130 be repealed, with the intent of applying more stringent

 standards, Table 40.260.080-1 shall be deemed automatically repealed and replaced with the standards as found in Chapter 222-30 WAC.

Table 40.260.080-1. Small Landowner Buffers for Exempt 20-Acre  Parcels			
Water Type/Average Width	No Harvest Buffer Width (feet)		
1 & 2 Water/75' & over	<del>115</del>		
1 & 2 Water/under 75'	<del>100</del>		
3 Water/5' and over	<del>75</del>		
3 Water/under 5'	<del>50</del>		
4 Water	<del>50</del>		
<del>5 Water</del>	<del>25</del>		

- c. Approval Authority.
  - (1) The responsible official shall review all requests for approvals, any comments received, and applicable county regulations or policies and shall inspect the property prior to rendering a decision.
  - (2) The responsible official may approve an application for a COHP, approve the application with conditions, require modification of the proposal to comply with specified requirements or local conditions, or deny the application if it fails to comply with requirements of this section.
- d. Required Written Findings and Determinations. A COHP shall be approved by the responsible official if the application is consistent with standards referenced in Section 40.260.080(A)(56).
- e. Reforestation. All COHPs that are converted must have forested wetland buffers reforested within the following two (2) planting seasons after harvest in accordance with standards in Chapter 222-34 WAC.
- f. Conversions. Conversion of property subject to an approved COHP is prohibited for two (2) years following date of county approval unless a significant hardship is demonstrated, through a Type I process pursuant to Section 40.510.010, relating to the death or disability of the landowner.
- g. Vesting. Residential plat applications submitted within ten (10) years following COHP approval shall be subject to local land development codes in effect on the date of COHP approval as defined by contingent vesting requirements as outlined in Chapter 40.510 of this code, except that subsequently enacted critical area ordinance amendments related to recovery of threatened or endangered fish shall apply.

1 2 3 4	h. Recorded Covenant. A declaration shall be recorded giving notice of the conversion option harvest plan and approval conditions with the protective measures relating to the conversion. This covenant shall be binding upon the landowner and successors in interest for a period of ten (10)six (6) years from the date of timber harvest.
5 6 7	4. Class I Forest Practice Permits. An approved Class I permit provides the landowner the ability to carry out minor forest practices not otherwise exempted pursuant to Section 40.260.080(A)(4).
8	<u>a. General Requirements.</u>
9 10	(1) An application for a Class I permit shall be submitted prior to conducting forest practices on the project site;
11 12 13	(2) All Class I permit applications shall describe the harvest method, including type of equipment to be used and the expected dates of commencement and completion of all harvest activity:
14 15	(3) All Class I permit applications shall declare the type, extent, and schedule of future development plans;
16 17 18 19	(4) Land that is to be converted to a non-forestry use shall be withdrawn from current use designation under the provisions of RCW Chapters 84.33 and 84.34 or Clark County Code Chapter 3.08 prior to issuance of county land use approvals for non-forestry uses;
20 21 22 23 24	(5) Pasture conversions must be consistent with a farm management plan approved for the property by the Natural Resources Conservation Service or the Clark Conservation District. Those forest practices not involving conversion of forest lands to pasture shall be required to meet the same buffer standards as set forth in Section 40.260.080(A)(6)(b)(1).
25	<u>b. Review Criteria.</u>
26	(1) Class I permits shall comply with Section 40.260.080(A)(6)(b)(1).
27 28	(2) Class I permitees shall comply with the conditions of approval established through the forest practice permit and any associated development permits.
29	<u>c. Approval Authority.</u>
30 31 32	(1) The responsible official shall review all requests for approvals, any comments received, and applicable regulations or policies and shall inspect the property prior to rendering a decision.
33 34 35 36	(2) The responsible official may approve an application for a Class I permit, approve the application with conditions, require modification of the proposal to comply with specified requirements or local conditions, or deny the application if it fails to comply with requirements of this code.
37 38	d. Required Written Findings and Determinations. A Class I permit shall be approved by the responsible official if the application is consistent with this code.
39 40 41	5. Class I Hazard Tree Removal Determinations. An approved Class I Hazard Tree Removal Determination allows the landowner to remove Hazard and/or Diseased trees located within a horizontal distance of one and a half (1 ½) tree lengths of the Hazard

and/or Diseased tree from permanent buildings (such as a house, barn, shop, or

42

1 2 3	pumphouse). This is not to be confused with the removal of healthy trees around permanent buildings, to which a Class 1 permit is the appropriate permit for such situations not otherwise exempted pursuant to Section 40.260.080(A)(4).
4	a. General Requirements.
5 6	(1) A Class I Hazard Tree Determinations shall be submitted prior to conducting forest practices on the project site;
7 8 9	(2) All Class I Hazard Tree Determinations shall describe the harvest method, including type of equipment to be used and the expected dates of commencement and completion of all harvest activity;
10 11 12 13 14	(3) All Class I Hazard Tree Determinations shall include an Certified  Arborist/Professional Forester/Landscape Architect Report. The purpose of this report is to adequately document the rationale supporting a determination that a tree(s) is a hazard, dangerous and/or diseased and that abatement and/or tree removal is necessary. This report should include the following items.
15	(i). General description of proposal;
16	(ii) Final plat notes applicable to proposal (if applicable);
17	(iii) A description of the property(ies) subject to the danger/hazard;
18 19	(iv) A description of the forest stand/greenbelt, including approximate stand age and tree species;
20 21	(v) A site plan indicating the location of the Hazard/Dangerous and/or Diseased trees and associated structures;
22 23	(vi) A description of the Hazard/Dangerous and/or Diseased tree(s) including age, species, defect, disease, and/or structural integrity;
24 25	(vii)A description of the Recommended Abatement treatment for each tree (e.g., removal, habitat cut, thinning and restructuring) and anticipated timeline;
26 27 28	(viii) A detailed replanting plan and/or mitigation plan. Include anticipated schedule of installation. Replanting should be completed within 60 days of the tree abatement;
29 30	(ix) A description regarding the fate of the tree(s) to be cut (i.e., will the tree(s) be removed, decked, or left in place); and
31 32 33	(x) Documentation that the report was prepared by a certified arborist, licensed landscape architect or professional forester or other expert approved by Clark County.
34	b. Review Criteria.
35	(1) Class I Hazard Tree Determinations shall comply with Section 40.260.080(A)(6).
36 37	(2) Class I Hazard Tree Determinations shall comply with the conditions of approval established through the forest practice permit.
38	c. Approval Authority.

41 42

(1) The responsible official shall review all requests for approvals, any comments 1 received, and applicable regulations or policies and shall inspect the property 2 prior to rendering a decision. 3 4 (2) The responsible official may approve an application for a Class I Hazard Tree Determination, approve the application with conditions, require modification of 5 the proposal to comply with specified requirements or local conditions, or deny 6 7 the application if it fails to comply with requirements of this code. d. Required Written Findings and Determinations. A Class I Hazard Tree Determination 8 shall be approved by the responsible official if the application is consistent with this 9 code. 10 C. Development Moratoria. 11 12 1. Purpose. This subsection provides the criteria for establishing development moratoria. 13 The subsection also provides standards for the hearing examiner to remove a six (6) year development moratorium and for the responsible official to approve single-family 14 15 dwelling moratoria waivers. Development Moratoria. 16 17 a. General Requirements. All development moratoria established pursuant to this section shall be mandatory. Development applications and project construction for 18 any development activity shall be prohibited for a term of six (6) years on a site 19 subject to a moratorium. 20 b. Actions That Result in a Development Moratorium. The following actions shall result 21 in a six (6) year development moratorium being imposed: 22 23 (1) The approval or notification by the Department of Natural Resources of a Class II, III, or IV special forest practices permit that does not have an associated 24 COHP approval; 25 (2) The violation of a COHP or Class IV general forest practice permit; 26 27 (3) Activity that meets the definition of a Class II, III, or IV forest practices on a parcel without an approved forest practices application or notification; 28 29 (4) No development action shall occur within an approved COHP unless granted relief under Section 40.260.080(C)(3), unless authorized by the COHP. 30 c. Consequences of a Development Moratorium. 31 (1) Clark County shall terminate review of any application for development of land 32 33 which is, or becomes, subject to a six (6) year development moratorium. A new application shall be required for development of the site after the six (6) year 34 moratorium expires. 35 36 (2) Clark County shall not accept applications for any development of land which is subject to a six (6) year moratorium, during the moratorium period. 37 (3) All development moratoria recorded by Clark County shall extend to the harvest 38 area indicated in the forest practices permit or COHP. If no forest practice permit 39

August 30, 2024 p. 12

or COHP was issued, the moratorium shall apply to the entire parcel.

(4) Prior to any development permit application, the property owner shall be required

to submit a Class IV general permit application on land that was cleared without

1 a required forest practice application or notification, without an approved COHP. 2 or in violation of a Class II, Class III, or Class IV special permit. 3 (5) Clark County shall notify the appropriate state agency if a forest practice activity 4 that meets the definition of a Class II. III. or IV special forest practices has been initiated on a parcel without an approved forest practices application or 5 notification. 6 7 d. Effective Date of a Moratorium. 8 (1) The six (6) year development moratorium shall be imposed from the effective date of a Class II, Class III, and Class IV special forest practice permit. 9 (2) If a forest practice occurs on a site without the appropriate permit, a six (6) year 10 development moratorium shall be recorded from the date the unpermitted forest 11 12 practices were documented by Clark County or the Department of Natural 13 Resources. (3) Where a site is subject to an approved Class II, III, or IV special forest practices 14 permit with or without a COHP, forest practices occurring at the site which are 15 outside the scope of the approved permit shall be considered unpermitted forest 16 practices for moratorium purposes. In these cases, a six (6) year development 17 moratorium shall be imposed from the date the unpermitted forest practices were 18 documented by Clark County or the Department of Natural Resources. 19 20 (4) If a condition of a COHP approval is significantly violated, a six (6) year development moratorium shall be recorded from the date the associated forest 21 practice approval became effective. 22 23 3. Request for Lifting of Development Moratorium. Any development moratorium 24 established pursuant to Section 40.260.080(C)(2) may be lifted by the hearing examiner when the following requirements are met: 25 a. Public Hearing Required. 26 27 (1) The responsible official shall set a date for public hearing before the hearing examiner after all the requests for additional information or plan correction have 28 been satisfied. 29 30 (2) The public hearing shall follow the procedures set forth in Subtitle 40.5, Procedures. 31 b. Review Criteria. The hearing examiner shall consider the lifting of a development 32 33 moratorium established pursuant to this section when the following criteria are met: (1) The forest practices conducted on the site meet the standards set forth in Section 34 35 40.260.080(A)(5). 36 (2) Corrective actions are implemented which would bring the forest practices into compliance with this section. 37 38 (3) If critical areas or critical area buffers have been damaged, the hearing examiner 39 may impose increased critical area buffer standards together with additional requirements to mitigate the damage, the cost of which shall equal at least twice 40

August 30, 2024 p. 13

the value of the timber harvested within a critical area and buffer.

41 42

c. Approval.

1 2 3	(1) The hearing examiner shall review all requests for removal of a development moratorium, any comments received, and applicable county regulations or policies and may inspect the property prior to rendering a decision.
4 5 6 7 8	(2) The hearing examiner may approve an application for a request to remove a development moratorium, approve the application with conditions, require modification of the proposal to comply with specified requirements or local conditions, or deny the application if it fails to comply with requirements of this section.
9 10 11	d. Required Written Findings and Determinations. Removal of a development moratorium shall be approved by the hearing examiner if the application meets the review and approval criteria in Sections 40.260.080(C)(3)(b) and (C)(3)(c).
12	D. Single-Family Dwelling Moratoria Waiver.
13 14	<ol> <li>Purpose. To authorize the construction of one (1) single-family dwelling unit on a site that is subject to a six (6) year development moratorium.</li> </ol>
15 16 17 18	<ol> <li>Request for Single-Family Dwelling Moratoria Waiver. The responsible official, through a Type I procedure, shall waive the six (6) year moratorium solely for construction of one (1) single-family residence and related accessory buildings on a building site outside of urban growth boundaries, under the following conditions:</li> </ol>
19	<u>a. General Requirements.</u>
20	(1)a. The parcel is a legal lot of record;
21 22	(2)b. The building site area intended as developed property shall not exceed two (2) acres in size;
23 24 25 26	(3)e. The construction activity is consistent with Chapters 40.450 (Wetland Protection), 40.440 (Habitat Conservation), 40.430 (Geologic Hazard Areas), and 40.460 (Shoreline Overlay District) including the shoreline management master program;
27 28 29	<ul> <li><u>Review Criteria. The responsible official shall consider the lifting of a development</u> <u>moratorium established pursuant to this subsection when the following criteria are</u> <u>met:</u></li> </ul>
30 31	(1)d. The harvest was conducted under, and consistent with, an approved forest practices permit in compliance with the State Forest Practices Act;
32 33	(2) Corrective actions are implemented which would bring the forest practices into compliance with the requirements of subsection 40.260.080(D)(2)(a).
34	c. Approval Authority.
35 36 37	(1) The responsible official shall review all sites that are subject to a six (6) year development moratorium and may inspect the property prior to rendering a decision.
38 39 40	(2)e. A binding written commitment submitted to, and approved by, the county, and recorded by the applicant with the County Auditor, so as to run with the land, which:
41 42	( <u>a</u> 1) Contains a site plan depicting the building site area, any critical areas within the building site area, and access roads,

1 2 3	(b2) Commits the applicant to complete the reforestation in accordance with applicable forest practice reforestation requirements for areas other than the building site area;
4 5	(3)f. The development moratorium shall remain in effect for all other non-forestry uses of the site that are subject to county approval.
6 7	d. Required Written Findings and Determinations. Request for single-family dwelling moratoria waiver shall be approved by the responsible official if the application meets
8	the review and approval criteria of this code.
9	(Amended: Ord. 2011-08-08)
10	

# 1 **6.110A.045** Forestry review fees.

2 Fees for review activities included in Table 6.110A.045 shall be collected prior to processing the

3 application.

Section	Activity	Fee	Issuance Fee
1	Forest Practices <sup>1</sup>		
Α	Conversion option harvest plan (COHP) with approved current use timber management plan	\$542	\$94
В	COHP without approved current use timber management plan	\$1,030	\$94
С	Class IV G	\$1,882	\$94
D	Class I Hazard tree removal determination, standalone	\$ <mark>135<u>425</u></mark>	\$94
E	Non-exempt Class I forest practices	\$425	\$94
F	Site inspection <sup>2</sup>	<del>\$230</del>	
<u>GF</u>	Type I, single-family dwelling moratorium waiver	\$624	\$94
H <u>G</u>	Type III moratorium waivers	\$4,090	\$94
2	Open Space/Current Use Taxation	\$1,882	
3	Procedural Activities (Appeal, Hold, Continuance, Etc.)		
	Refer to activities in Table 6.110A.010 as applicable		

4 Notes:

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8 9 1 Where on-site work (including but not limited to grading, excavating, cutting or construction) is started prior to the issuance of county permits, the application fee shall be doubled. If work is commenced while the application is being processed, permits will not be issued until an additional application fee is paid. This provision is in addition to the enforcement measures contained in Title 32.

10 2 One (1) site inspection fee is required to accompany each application for a forest practice
11 permit.

12 (Sec. 2 of Ord. 2017-06-08)